

Notices to Consignees.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
STEAMSHIP *BRUNSWICK*,
FROM BREMEN AND PORTS
OF CALL.

THE above-named Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of Opium and Valuable, are being landed and stored at their risk in the Godowns of the HONGKONG AND KOWLOON WHARF AND GODOWN COMPANY, LTD., Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained. Consignees of Cargo will be landed here in Hongkong unless notice to the contrary be given before 3 p.m. To-day, the 5th inst.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 12th instant will be subject to rent. All broken, stained, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on Monday, the 17th instant, at 4 p.m.

All Claims must reach us before the 16th instant, or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

MELCHERS & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, September 5, 1888. 1482

SHIRE LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S.S. *BRECONSHIRE*, FROM
HAMBURG, ANTWERP, LONDON,
PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk in the Godowns of the Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., at Kowloon, whence and/or from the Wharves delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before Noon To-morrow.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 7th instant will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 7th instant, or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

ADAMSON, BELL & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, August 31, 1888. 1455

NETHERLANDS INDIA STEAM

NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FROM SOERABAYA, SAMARANG,
BATAVIA AND SINGAPORE.

THE Company's S.S. *Dordrecht*, having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo by her and by the S.S. *Comora* from MADRAS, are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk in the Godowns of the HONGKONG AND KOWLOON WHARF AND GODOWN CO., LTD., at West Point, whence delivery may be obtained.

Cargo remaining undelivered after the 8th instant will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Consignees are also requested to present all Claims for damages and/or shortages not later than the 14th instant, otherwise they will not be recognized.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, September 1, 1888. 1450

To-day's Arrivals.

FOR SHANGHAI.

The Steamer *Peking*,
Capt. C. H. H. H. H.,
will be despatched for the above Port on SATURDAY, the 8th instant, at 4 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

SIEMSEN & Co.

Hongkong, September 6, 1888. 1480

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR SHANGHAI VIA AMOY.

(Taking Cargo & Passengers on through rates for NINGPO, CHEFOO, NEW-CHANG, TIENTSIN, HANKOW and Ports on the YANGTZE.)

The Co's Steamer *Admiral*,
Capt. Anderson, will be
despatched as above on
THURSDAY, the 13th instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.

Hongkong, September 6, 1888. 1496

STEAM TO SHANGHAI.

The P. & O. S. N. Co's
Steamship *Yverna*,
will leave for the above
place about 24 hours after her arrival with
the outward English Mail.

R. L. WOODIN,
Superintendent.

P. & O. S. N. Co's Office,
Hongkong, September 6, 1888. 1491

STEAM TO YOKOHAMA, YEA NAGA-SAKI AND KOBE.

(Passing through the INLAND SEA.)

The P. & O. S. N. Co's
Steamship *Malacca*,
will leave for the above
places on or about the 5th instant.

R. L. WOODIN,
Superintendent.

P. & O. S. N. Co's Office,
Hongkong, September 6, 1888. 1492

THE PUNJON AND SUNGHEE DUA SAMANTAN MINING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE Third Ordinary Yearly MEETING
of SHAREHOLDERS in the above
Company will be held at the Company's
Office, No. 9, Queen's Road Central, on
FRIDAY, the 21st September, 1888, at 4 p.m., for the purpose of receiving the Report
of the Directors, together with a Statement
of Account, and for the election of Directors
and Auditors.

A. O. GORDIN,
Secretary.

Hongkong, September 6, 1888. 1494

To-day's Advertisements.

BUTTER.

PURE DANISH BUTTER in tins to be
got CHEAPEST from

SCHMIDT MADSEN,
HOLMSEN, DENMARK.

6th Sept., 1888. 1497

NOTICE.

THE Promises No. 9, Lyndhurst Terrace,
having been Destroyed by Fire on
the evening of 28th August last,
SANG LOONG,
General Draper and Hosier,
Will resume BUSINESS TO-MORROW,
at the Shop No. 42 Hollywood Road, First
Floor.

SANG LOONG will shortly open New Premises,
where he will show a large and varied
Stock of Autumn and Winter Goods.

Hongkong, September 6, 1888. 1495

NOTICE.

THE Underigned has DISMISSED CHAN
SOON NAM (陳信南) from the
service from this date and will NOT BE
RESPONSIBLE for any DEBTS contracted
by him.

Debtors to the Underigned are requested
to make their Payments to the Ship and
receive a Receipt which will be recognized
without which none will be recognized.

YING CHONG (英昌)
Capitaine
No. 18, HING LUNG LAKE.

Hongkong, September 6, 1888. 1493

Not Responsible for Debts.

Neither the Captain, the Agents, nor
Owners will be Responsible for
any Debt contracted by the Officers or
Crew of the following Vessels, during
their stay in Hongkong Harbour—

C. C. CHAMMAN, American ship, High-
born—Pusan & Co.

HEI CHING, British barque, Capt. T. C.
Thomson—Kun: Cheong Tai.

HEVES, German steamer, Capt. Dethlefs-
son—Siemens & Co.

LUCHA, British barque, Captain David
Wood—Orisk.

POSHONG, A. Hung, str., Capt. S. Mar-
tin—O. B. Church.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

September 5, 1888.—

Haitia, British barque, 977, J. J.
McDonough, Sandakan August 25, Timber.
—GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

Zambesi, British steamer, 1,563, S. R.
Lushy, Saigon September 1, Rice.—ADAM-
SON, BELL & Co.

Fidilio, German steamer, from Whampoa.
—GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

Diamond, British steamer, 614, A. A.
McCaslin, Manila Sept. 3, General.—RUS-
SELL & Co.

Alone, German steamer, 400, Sautoulet,
Pakhoi Sept. 2, and Hailow 3, General.—
WILSON & Co.

Mendota, British steamer, 860, Geo.
Anderson, Bangkok August 31, Rice and
General.—YVES PAI HONG.

Nemata, British str., 903, T. G. Pocock,
Fuchow Sept. 2, Amoy 3, and Swatow 5,
General.—DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO.

Bender, British steamer, 1,331, R. W.
Thomson, Kolo Aug. 29, General.—GIBB,
LIVINGSTON & Co.

Mefta, Chinese steamer, 1,338, Lunt,
Shanghai, September 2, and Swatow 5,
General.—C. M. S. N. Co.

Saohua, British steamer, 999, Hughes,
Cebu September 1, 2.30 p.m., General.—
DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO.

Freya, Danish steamer, 419, C. A. Lund,
Hailow Sept. 4, General.—ARMISTED,
KARBERG & Co.

Duke of Buckingham, British steamer,
2,023, T. C. Barnard, Amoy September 5,
General.—JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.

Guthrie, Siamese barque, 554, C. Simpson,
Bangkok August 24, Wood.—CHINESE.

CLEARED.

Sochoa, for Hailow and Pakhoi.
—Orisk.

Prothelia, for Saigon.

DEPARTURES.

September 6.—

Clara, for Hailow and Hamburg.
Hailow, for Amoy and Shanghai.

Kwang Lee, for Shanghai.
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POST OFFICE NOTICES.

MAILS will close—

long, but I felt bound to put the matter in this way before the Board after what Mr. Humphreys said. Now I beg most respectfully to move that the by-laws submitted by the committee appointed on 21st June be rejected.

Dr. Ho Kai said he had looked over the by-laws drafted by Mr. Francis, which certainly had all the merit of being clear and concise, but he was not in favour of the by-laws. He thought the committee should be allowed to draw the by-laws, not with any wish to discredit their work. If their by-laws had not been to hand as a ground plan Mr. Francis would not perhaps have been able to draft such a good set of by-laws.

Dr. Canlie (who had just come in) said he regretted not having heard the whole of Mr. Francis' remarks. It was stated at last meeting that Mr. Francis was to take the by-laws of the Committee as his text, and without modifying them in their spirit, rewording them so as to make them more clear. Before he would vote he would like to know if this had been done. He did not know if this understanding was not forth in the minutes.

Mr. Francis—They carefully avoided in the minutes all mention of my proposal.

Dr. Canlie said that they would be driven to accept the by-laws of the committee if Mr. Francis were other than a classification and rearrangement of them.

Mr. Humphreys—Remarks were made at last meeting about the Board adjourning. I think Dr. Canlie is under a misapprehension. As I stated before he came in Mr. Francis simply moved that the Board do adjourn the consideration of the Committee's by-laws for a fortnight. That was his motion. There was nothing in it about new by-laws.

Mr. Francis—You are mistaken. The sole ground on which the adjournment was granted was that I stated that before the next meeting I should lay on the table a new set of by-laws.

Mr. Humphreys—You discussed the question during your remarks, but there was nothing about new by-laws in the motion.

The Secretary—The resolution to go into committee on the by-laws was moved by the Surveyor General and seconded by Mr. Eda. Mr. Francis moved an amendment that they be considered that day fortnight. Subsequent to that there some talk about considering new by-laws, but I submit—

Mr. Francis—You have no right to submit anything. The members of the members of the Board are as good as Mr. Francis. Mr. Humphreys—I suggested at the time that the remarks of my learned friend were irrelevant and suggested that his motion of adjournment be put to the Board. It was put and carried. Then there was some desultory talk about new by-laws that Mr. Francis volunteered to draft for us.

The Registrar General deprecated the manifestation of any hostility in a matter of this sort. They would all agree that by-laws dealing with this subject should be passed. Whatever was adopted he thought it was time they should come to some definite action. They had had adjournments after adjournments. He had the same impression as Dr. Canlie that the adjournment was not a wise thing to do. He took place in order to enable Mr. Francis to take the by-laws which had been drawn up by the committee as a text and from that text to draw up by-laws which he promised would be more clear and definite than the present ones. This Mr. Francis had done. He had considered the question which was put to him. It seemed to him that it did not matter very much. Either could be taken and amendments made on it. He trusted the committee who in the first instance drew up the by-laws would be able to consider the amendments which he wished to throw any discredit on their work and knowledge. The Board was much obliged to them for the trouble they had taken, and he deprecated any spirit of hostility entering into the discussion. It seemed to him that it would take more time and trouble to draw up new by-laws than to amend the original by-laws for their text for consideration, and he thought it would facilitate matters if the amended by-laws of Mr. Francis were taken as this text. If the members of the original committee had any alterations to suggest they could do so. He thought that Mr. Francis had taken the text.

The Captain Superintendent of Police seconded. He said it was perfectly immaterial what conclusion was arrived at as long as the by-laws were passed. What they had to do was to get by-laws passed. After careful consideration he thought that the work of Mr. Francis' by-laws could be better used as a text from which to construct the by-laws which would be eventually passed by the Board. On comparing the two sets of by-laws he found that, with the exception of one or two points which he had no doubt the members would be careful not to allow to pass unaltered, Mr. Francis had succeeded in embodying in his scheme all those provisions that were suggested by the sub-committee.

He preferred Mr. Francis' by-laws for three reasons. First, he had been most careful to follow the words of the Ordinance, which would be a great guide to those who had to carry out work under the ordinance. He thought that Mr. Francis ought not to have moved the total rejection of the committee's by-laws, because they formed the basis of the by-laws he himself had constructed.

The Surveyor General endorsed what had been said by the two last members. It must be immaterial which of the two frameworks were taken so long as they secured the best by-laws. The committee never sought to force its own by-laws on the Board. They were prepared as a type on which the Board could draw and amend or modify as they pleased. They all worked conscientiously and devoted considerable time to the consideration of these by-laws. Mr. Francis' insinuation that the committee did not devote much time to the work was not correct. He had no opposition to make to the suggestion that Mr. Francis' by-laws had only reached him late last night and he had not had time to consider them carefully. He had no doubt that whatever was adopted would be subject to amendment. He did not like to enter delay, but he proposed they should adjourn a week to give time to consider the new by-laws.

Mr. Francis—I withdrew my motion.

The Surveyor General, after some further talk, said he regretted the tone adopted by his learned friend with reference to the sub-committee. His recollection of what happened at last meeting was entirely with Mr. Francis. He thought, however, it was scarcely fair after having used the committee's by-laws to move the rejection, since without them he did not think he could have accomplished his aim. He hoped that a final settlement would be arrived at without much friction (hear, hear).

Mr. Francis said he was very hot tempered and something which fell from Mr. Humphreys was rather provoking, but he was sorry if he said anything to hurt the Committee's feelings. It was necessary to put the matter in the strongest terms to bring the Board to the verge of where they stood. All the technical parts of his by-laws were included in the sub-committee's copy.

A vote was then taken, when six voted for Mr. Leckhart's amendment and for Mr. Humphreys' motion, Messrs Price, Eda and Humphreys being the dissenters. It was agreed to read the preamble at this meeting and then adjourn for a week.

The Surveyor General said he had received instructions from His Excellency to communicate all information with regard to such works as would come under the Board's supervision.

Dr. Canlie drew attention to the spread of beriberi in town and moved that the Board obtain information from the medical doctors and hospital authorities.

This was unanimously agreed to.

CORRESPONDENCE.

A GROWL FROM THE PEAK.
To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL,"
Sept. 6, 1888.

SIR,—A correspondent writes to your morning paper, calling attention to the disgraceful way in which the Government sewerage works are carried out their duties in the Hill District. As a Peak Resident of some years standing, I wish to call the attention of the Government to the way in which the health of these living at the Peak is endangered by the bonfires made, as I understand, by the Surveyor General's orders on the Hongkong side of Plantation Road. The small from these bonfires the last few days has been perfectly sickening to some of those living in the vicinity of Mount Gough. Should the Surveyor General urge that burning refuse is a perfectly objectionable practice, might I suggest that the bonfires should be placed further West, where the head of the Surveyor General's Department would be able to test the matter for himself?—Yours,
PEAK.

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS.

SOLDIERS AND SAILORS READING AND REFRESHMENT ROOMS,
127, Queen's Road East.

1. FURNISHING ACCOUNT.
March to June 1888.

Cleaning and Repairs	£20.65
Lamps	6.40
Matting	4.50
Stools	4.00
Tables	6.50
Book-Cases	7.25
Stands	3.50
Books, Binders, &c.	24.55
Cheese and Dainties	3.50
Coffee Bar and Partition	10.00
Stove and Firing	12.20
Cutlery	8.15
Cups, Tins, Glasses, &c.	10.15
Urn, Pans, &c.	8.50
Spittoons, &c.	1.00
Bills (adv.)	3.00
	\$134.99

2. DONATIONS.

March to June 1888.

W. J. Austey, Esq., R.N.	\$140.00
Lieut. Ingram, R.N.	5.00
Lieut. Burrows, R.N.	15.00
Capt. Johnson, (Med. Staff)	6.00
Capt. Williams	1.00
Mr. Lewis	1.00
C. B. Carey, Esq.	5.00
A. E. G., Esq.	5.00
	\$208.26

3. BILLS OF EXCHANGE, HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

March, Cash Taken, &c.	\$30.18
April, " " " "	14.08
May, " " " "	67.42
June, " " " "	69.58
	\$208.26

4. PROFIT AND LOSS.

March to June 1888.

March, Cash Taken, &c.	\$30.18
April, " " " "	14.08
May, " " " "	67.42
June, " " " "	69.58
	\$208.26

5. DR.

March, Goods and Wages, &c.	\$31.75
April, " " " "	101.14
May, " " " "	61.53
June, " " " "	56.27
	\$250.69

6. CREDIT.

March, Cash Taken, &c.	\$30.18
April, " " " "	14.08
May, " " " "	67.42
June, " " " "	69.58
	\$208.26

7. BALANCE SHEET.

March to June 1888.

Donations	\$172.00
Cash Taken, &c.	208.26
	\$470.26

8. DR.

Furnishing Account, &c.	\$134.99
Goods and Wages, &c.	250.69
Balance in hand, &c.	58.58
	\$470.26

9. CREDIT.

March, Cash Taken, &c.	\$30.18
April, " " " "	14.08
May, " " " "	67.42
June, " " " "	69.58
	\$208.26

10. BY-LAWS FOR THE SANITARY BOARD.

We give below the By-Laws suggested by Mr. Francis and those clauses of the Committee's By-Laws (published in full some weeks ago) which differ from them:—

MR. FRANCIS' BY-LAWS.

BY-LAWS made by the Sanitary Board for the proper construction, trapping and maintenance of private house drains in the City of Victoria and the Villages and Rural Districts of Hongkong and Kowloon and for the provision of adequate subsoil drainage in order to arrest damp in dwelling houses under the provisions of Section 18 of the Health Ordinance 1887.

Subsections 1 and 2.

CHAPTER I.—NEW BUILDINGS.

1. The By-Laws contained in this Chapter shall only apply to New Buildings as defined in Section 3 of the Ordinance (Subsection 1).

2. No New Building shall be commenced, or if commenced shall be proceeded with until at least 7 days' notice shall have been given to the Board by the owner, his Attorney or Agent, or by some person called the Surveyor.

3. The By-Laws contained in this Chapter shall only apply to New Buildings as defined in Section 3 of the Ordinance (Subsection 1).

4. No New Building shall be commenced, or if commenced shall be proceeded with until at least 7 days' notice shall have been given to the Board by the owner, his Attorney or Agent, or by some person called the Surveyor.

5. The By-Laws contained in this Chapter shall only apply to New Buildings as defined in Section 3 of the Ordinance (Subsection 1).

6. No New Building shall be commenced, or if commenced shall be proceeded with until at least 7 days' notice shall have been given to the Board by the owner, his Attorney or Agent, or by some person called the Surveyor.

7. The By-Laws contained in this Chapter shall only apply to New Buildings as defined in Section 3 of the Ordinance (Subsection 1).

3. Such notice shall be in writing signed by the person giving the same and shall be delivered either at the Office of the Sanitary Board, or sent through the Post Office to the Secretary or, if the new building is in a village or rural district, by leaving the same at the Village Police Station.

4. Such notice shall specify the name of the street (if any) and the number of the lot or section or subsection of a lot on which the new building is to be erected, and shall contain the following particulars:—

The name of the owner of the premises, the architect (if any), and the name and address of the contractor or other person by whom the building is to be erected, and an address at which all notices may be served. The notice shall further state whether the land on which the building is about to be erected was acquired from the Crown since the passing of The Public Health Ordinance and whether the site is now or was at one time an excavated or filled site.

5. Every such notice shall be accompanied by a ground plan in duplicate of the premises drawn to scale of not less than 20 feet to an inch and such plan shall also show the position and distance of the nearest public sewer (if any) of the district, and the position of the proposed building, the direction and fall of the drains to be constructed therein or thereunder, and the position of all inlets, outlets, connections, ventilating shafts, and other matters which may be required for the purpose of the drains to be constructed, and the dimensions thereof.

6. Where the drain is to pass under any other building or to empty into or connect with any other drain, the notice shall also state the position of such other building, private drain or cesspit is to be indicated on such plan.

7. Where any new building is about to be erected on a lot of land obtained from the Crown before the passing of this Ordinance, such plan shall also show the position of the building as proposed on the site of the lot, and the means of ventilation thereof if any.

8. If under the provisions of sections 58 and 59 a clear intervening space or area is proposed to be left between the new building and the hill side, then the plan shall show the line of the proposed subsoil drain, the fall thereof and the proposed outlet thereof.

9. Every plan deposited under the foregoing By-Laws shall also indicate the position and course of all surface drains and the outlet thereof.

10. If a number of buildings are being or are about to be erected by the same owner on the same or on contiguous pieces of land, one notice and one plan will suffice for the whole.

11. If within 7 days after the delivery of the notice and plan herein referred to no intimation has been received by the Builder at the address given that the said plan has been approved of, or that the contractor or other person by whom the building is to be erected is not approved of by the Board, then the approval of the Board shall be presumed, and the work may be forthwith proceeded with under the supervision of the Board and of its officers.

12. The Board shall be at liberty at any time during the progress of the work to require any alterations in the general plan of such drains or in the details thereof as shall not throw additional expense on the owner or contractor, and as can be made without causing any delay in the progress of the work.

13. If within 7 days from the delivery of such notice and plan as aforesaid notice shall have been received by the Builder of any objection to the proposed contractor or of any alteration required by the Board in the said plan or in the details of the proposed drainage works the said Builder shall either amend his plan according to the requirements of the Board and submit an approved contractor, or shall by notice in writing appeal to the Board at its next sitting against the required alterations and amendments in his plans, and the Board shall thereupon inquire into the matter, and confirm, modify, alter, or rescind the said objections and requirements.

14. No objection shall be taken to any Contractor except for cause distinctly stated in the notice of objection, with names, dates and places where needful precisely set forth, and the Contractor shall upon notice given be entitled to be heard by the Board by himself, his Attorney or Counsel and to call witnesses.

15. If the owner has not obtained from the Board within 21 days from the date thereof, a modification or withdrawal of such notice, he shall forthwith amend his plans, or change his contractor or both as the case may be in accordance with such notice. If he shall obtain a withdrawal or modification of such notice his plans shall remain as approved and shall not be altered or modified by the Board.

16. The construction of all drains, in new buildings shall be carried out in accordance with the plans approved of by the Board, and under the supervision of the Officers of the Board, and no alteration shall be made in such plans without the approval of the Board.

17. For the purpose of better giving effect to the provisions of the Health Ordinance, Section 18, the following By-Laws shall be observed in the construction of all drains in new buildings:—

1. Where any drain for the conveyance of sewage is intended to be laid in soft ground it shall be laid in a bed of good lime concrete and encased all round, not less than four inches thick.

2. Except for the purpose of draining any yard or back-yard which does not admit of any other drain, no person shall lay any pipe for conveying subsoil drainage or rain water in such manner or in such position as to communicate directly or indirectly with any sewer, cesspool or drain used for the conveyance of sewage only, and no person shall lay any subsoil drainage or rain water into any sewer, cesspool or drain.

3. No inlet to any drain shall be placed in connection with any drain or waste pipe of the form of trap known as the Bell trap, or any trap of the kind known as the D trap, and all traps shall be properly set in cement mortar to the satisfaction of the Board.

4. No person shall construct or fix in connection with any drain or waste pipe of the form of trap known as the Bell trap, or any trap of the kind known as the D trap, and all traps shall be properly set in cement mortar to the satisfaction of the Board.

5. No bend or angle shall (except where unavoidable) be formed in any ventilation pipe or shaft.

6. No rain-water pipe from the roof of a building shall be used as a ventilating shaft to a drain which communicates with a sewer.

7. Lime mortar for use in the building of man-holes shall be composed of three parts of sand or red earth, and one part of good lime.

8. Lime concrete used for encasing drains shall be composed of four parts of good round clean stone, broken to one inch cubes, two parts of red earth and one part of lime thoroughly well mixed and well rammed into place.

9. Cement mortar used for jointing of pipes or any other work shall be mixed in the proportion of three parts of clean sharp sand and one part of good Portland cement well mixed.

10. Stoneware Pipes shall be well glazed and free from cracks and flaws and shall have a thickness of not less than one-twelfth of an inch.

11. Disconnecting Chambers shall be brick man-holes fitted with stoneware traps and ventilating grates of iron or stone.

12. Traps shall have not less than two inches of water in them, and shall be fixed to the drain. All stoneware traps shall be surrounded with a thickness of four inches of lime concrete.

13. Ventilating and fall pipes of stoneware shall be securely fixed to the external surfaces of walls with wrought iron bands fitted round the pipe and made fast to the wall with two wrought iron spikes not less than four inches in length.

14. No drains or other works connected therewith shall be covered up until the same shall have been inspected by an officer of the Board, or until three days after notice in writing has been given to the Board, or until three days after such notice shall have been delivered or sent, and before approval, the Board may order the drains so covered up to be opened and uncovered, for the purpose of inspection, and should such drains prove on inspection to be defective either from not complying with the requirements of the Ordinance and of these By-Laws or from workmanship or materials they may be dealt with as a nuisance under Section 10 of the Ordinance and the subsequent sections.

15. Drains and works connected therewith constructed under the provisions of this Chapter shall not be altered or amended without notice to the Board, and under the supervision thereof, and all rules and regulations laid down in the Ordinance and these By-Laws for the construction of drains in new houses, shall apply to all reconstructions, amendments and alterations thereof.

16. On the completion of any new building and before the occupation thereof notice in writing shall be delivered to the Board, and a plan of the completion, and of the building shall be submitted to the Surveyor General until the officer of the Sanitary Board shall have inspected the same and shall have certified in writing that such house is built in compliance with the entire provisions of the Ordinance and of these By-Laws, and until seven days have elapsed from the sending or delivering of such notice.

CHAPTER II.

1. The By-Laws contained in this Chapter refer only to drains in buildings which were in existence at the date of the coming into operation of The Health Ordinance 1887 and which are not included in the definition of "New Buildings" in Section 3 of the Ordinance, Sub-section 1.

2. Whenever the Board shall have reason to believe that the drains in any building are in an insanitary and defective condition it may by order in writing, signed by the Surveyor, authorize the Sanitary Surveyor, or any person appointed by him, to enter such building and outbuildings and premises thereto belonging at any time between 6 a.m. and 6 p.m. on any day and inspect the drains thereof.

3. The Sanitary Surveyor shall produce and show to the owner, or to any person residing in the building, a certificate of the Board, and if he refuses to allow access to the drains, he shall be liable to a fine of not more than £50.

4. If the Board shall have reason to believe that the drains in any building are in an insanitary and defective condition it may by order in writing, signed by the Surveyor, authorize the Sanitary Surveyor, or any person appointed by him, to enter such building and outbuildings and premises thereto belonging at any time between 6 a.m. and 6 p.m. on any day and inspect the drains thereof.

5. The Sanitary Surveyor shall produce and show to the owner, or to any person residing in the building, a certificate of the Board, and if he refuses to allow access to the drains, he shall be liable to a fine of not more than £50.

6. If the Board shall have reason to believe that the drains in any building are in an insanitary and defective condition it may by order in writing, signed by the Surveyor, authorize the Sanitary Surveyor, or any person appointed by him, to enter such building and outbuildings and premises thereto belonging at any time between 6 a.m. and 6 p.m. on any day and inspect the drains thereof.

7. The Sanitary Surveyor shall produce and show to the owner, or to any person residing in the building, a certificate of the Board, and if he refuses to allow access to the drains, he shall be liable to a fine of not more than £50.

8. If the Board shall have reason to believe that the drains in any building are in an insanitary and defective condition it may by order in writing, signed by the Surveyor, authorize the Sanitary Surveyor, or any person appointed by him, to enter such building and outbuildings and premises thereto belonging at any time between 6 a.m. and 6 p.m. on any day and inspect the drains thereof.

9. The Sanitary Surveyor shall produce and show to the owner, or to any person residing in the building, a certificate of the Board, and if he refuses to allow access to the drains, he shall be liable to a fine of not more than £50.

10. If the Board shall have reason to believe that the drains in any building are in an insanitary and defective condition it may by order in writing, signed by the Surveyor, authorize the Sanitary Surveyor, or any person appointed by him, to enter such building and outbuildings and premises thereto belonging at any time between 6 a.m. and 6 p.m. on any day and inspect the drains thereof.

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15. The Sanitary Surveyor shall produce and show to the owner, or to any person residing in the building, a certificate of the Board, and if he refuses to allow access to the drains, he shall be liable to a fine of not more than £50.

16. If the Board shall have reason to believe that the drains in any building are in an insanitary and defective condition it may by order in writing, signed by the Surveyor, authorize the Sanitary Surveyor, or any person appointed by him, to enter such building and outbuildings and premises thereto belonging at any time between 6 a.m. and 6 p.m. on any day and inspect the drains thereof.

17. The Sanitary Surveyor shall produce and show to the owner, or to any person residing in the building, a certificate of the Board, and if he refuses to allow access to the drains, he shall be liable to a fine of not more than £50.

18. If the Board shall have reason to believe that the drains in any building are in an insanitary and defective condition it may by order in writing, signed by the Surveyor, authorize the Sanitary Surveyor, or any person appointed by him, to enter such building and outbuildings and premises thereto belonging at any time between 6 a.m. and 6 p.m. on any day and inspect the drains thereof.

19. The Sanitary Surveyor shall produce and show to the owner, or to any person residing in the building, a certificate of the Board, and if he refuses to allow access to the drains, he shall be liable to a fine of not more than £50.

20. If the Board shall have reason to believe that the drains in any building are in an insanitary and defective condition it may by order in writing, signed by the Surveyor, authorize the Sanitary Surveyor, or any person appointed by him, to enter such building and outbuildings and premises thereto belonging at any time between 6 a.m. and 6 p.m. on any day and inspect the drains thereof.

21. The Sanitary Surveyor shall produce and show to the owner, or to any person residing in the building, a certificate of the Board, and if he refuses to allow access to the drains, he shall be liable to a fine of not more than £50.

22. If the Board shall have reason to believe that the drains in any building are in an insanitary and defective condition it may by order in writing, signed by the Surveyor, authorize the Sanitary Surveyor, or any person appointed by him, to enter such building and outbuildings and premises thereto belonging at any time between 6 a.m. and 6 p.m. on any day and inspect the drains thereof.

23. The Sanitary Surveyor shall produce and show to the owner, or to any person residing in the building, a certificate of the Board, and if he refuses to allow access to the drains, he shall be liable to a fine of not more than £50.

24. If the Board shall have reason to believe that the drains in any building are in an insanitary and defective condition it may by order in writing, signed by the Surveyor, authorize the Sanitary Surveyor, or any person appointed by him, to enter such building and outbuildings and premises thereto belonging at any time between 6 a.m. and 6 p.m. on any day and inspect the drains thereof.

25. The Sanitary Surveyor shall produce and show to the owner, or to any person residing in the building, a certificate of the Board, and if he refuses to allow access to the drains, he shall be liable to a fine of not more than £50.

26. If the Board shall have reason to believe that the drains in any building are in an insanitary and defective condition it may by order in writing, signed by the Surveyor, authorize the Sanitary Surveyor, or any person appointed by him, to enter such building and outbuildings and premises thereto belonging at any time between 6 a.m. and 6 p.m. on any day and inspect the drains thereof.

27. The Sanitary Surveyor shall produce and show to the owner, or to any person residing in the building, a certificate of the Board, and if he refuses to allow access to the drains, he shall be liable to a fine of not more than £50.

28. If the Board shall have reason to believe that the drains in any building are in an insanitary and defective condition it may by order in writing, signed by the Surveyor, authorize the Sanitary Surveyor, or any person appointed by him, to enter such building and outbuild

